The Trucking Industry's Top 10

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ATRI

Trucking industry's NFP research organization
Safety
Mobility
Economic Analysis
Technology
Environment

STEP UP And leave your footprint.







Research Advisory Committee



2018 Top Industry Issues

- 1. Driver Shortage (1)
- 2. Hours-of-Service (3)
- 3. Driver Retention (5)
- 4. ELD Mandate (2)
- 5. Truck Parking (4)
- 6. CSA (6)
- 7. Driver Distraction (8)
- 8. Transportation Infrastructure /Congestion/ Funding (9)
- 9. Driver Health and Wellness (10)
- **10. Economy (11)**

CRITICAL ISSUES IN THE TRUCKING INDUSTRY - 2017



Presented to the American Trucking Associations

Prepared by The American Transportation Research Institute October 2017



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Top Issues Drivers vs. Carriers

Commercial Drivers

- **Hours-of-Service** 1.
- **Truck Parking** 2.
- **ELD Mandate** 3.
- **Driver Distraction** 4.
- **Driver Retention** 5.
- CSA 6.
- **Driver Health/Wellness** 7.
- Transportation 8. Infrastructure / Congestion / 8. Funding
- **Driver Shortage** 9.
- **10.** Automated Truck Technology

Motor Carrier Execs

- **Driver Shortage** 1.
- **Driver Retention** 2.
- **Hours-of-Service** 3.
- **Transportation Infrastructure** 4. /Congestion/ Funding
- **ELD Mandate** 5.
- CSA 6.
- **Driver Distraction** 7.
 - **Tort Reform**
- **Truck Parking** 9.
- **Federal Preemption of State** 10. **Regulation of Interstate** Trucking (F4A)



Analysis of Truck Driver Age Demographics Across Two Decades

- Identified as a top RAC priority 2013
 Analysis of U.S. Census Bureau data
 Examines demographic
- trends in driver workforce with implications for future



WHITE PAPER: Analysis of Truck Driver Age Demographics Across Two Decades

December 2014

Jeffrey Short Senior Research Associate American Transportation Research Institute Atlanta, GA





Truck Driver Age Demographics





Truck Driver Age Demographics

| Program Type | Public Schools Offering Program | |
|-----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--|
| Business | 96.5% | |
| Computer Technology | 94.4% | |
| Mechanics and Repair | 81.9% | |
| Precision Production | 78.9% | |
| Construction | 73.5% | |
| Childcare and Education | 68.3% | |
| Healthcare | 64.9% | |
| Agriculture | 62.4% | |
| Other Technology | 58.3% | |
| Marketing | 57.9% | |
| Food Service and Hospitality | 57.4% | |
| Communications and Technology | 53.6% | |
| Other Occupational Programs | 48.2% | |
| Personal and Other Services | 48.0% | |
| Trade and Industry/Transportation | 28.8% | |
| Protective Services | 25.8% | |

Driver Safety Assessment Tool

Is it possible to identify younger individuals with the same characteristics of safe, older drivers?

 Prior studies focus on relationship between a <u>single</u> driver characteristic and safety outcomes

ATRI's research will investigate the relationship between multiple driver characteristics and safety outcomes



Developing a Younger Driver Assessment Tool Technical Memorandum #1

August 2017

Caroline Boris Research Analyst American Transportation Research Institute

Monica M. Luciana, Ph.D. Professor University of Minnesota Department of Psychology



Driver Safety Assessment Tool

Driver safety in commercial and noncommercial drivers can be reliably predicted by a number of individual factors:

- Personality traits
- Health status
- Driving experience
- 🔶 Age
- Cognitive ability
 - Attitudes regarding safety

Nearing completion – beta test tool on ~100 drivers of varying ages, safety performance

Operational Costs of Trucking

Collects and analyzes real-world motor carrier operational data

- Covers data from 2008-2017
- Calculates costs by mile and by hour
- Sector, regional analyses included

An Analysis of the Operational Costs of Trucking: 2018 Update



Prepared by the American Transportation Research Institute





Operational Costs of Trucking

Average Carrier Costs per <u>Mile</u>

| Motor Carrier Costs | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | 2016 | 2017 |
|---|---------|---------|---------|---------|---------|
| Vehicle-based | | | | | |
| Fuel Costs | \$0.645 | \$0.583 | \$0.403 | \$0.336 | \$0.368 |
| Truck/Trailer Lease or Purchase Payments | \$0.163 | \$0.215 | \$0.230 | \$0.255 | \$0.264 |
| Repair & Maintenance | \$0.148 | \$0.158 | \$0.156 | \$0.166 | \$0.167 |
| Truck Insurance Premiums | \$0.064 | \$0.071 | \$0.074 | \$0.075 | \$0.075 |
| Permits and Licenses | \$0.026 | \$0.019 | \$0.019 | \$0.022 | \$0.023 |
| Tires | \$0.041 | \$0.044 | \$0.043 | \$0.035 | \$0.038 |
| Tolls | \$0.019 | \$0.023 | \$0.020 | \$0.024 | \$0.027 |
| Driver-based | | | | | |
| Driver Wages | \$0.440 | \$0.462 | \$0.499 | \$0.523 | \$0.557 |
| Driver Benefits | \$0.129 | \$0.129 | \$0.131 | \$0.155 | \$0.172 |
| TOTAL | \$1.676 | \$1.703 | \$1.575 | \$1.592 | \$1.691 |



Operational Costs of Trucking

| Bonus Type | Average Bonus per Driver |
|-------------------------|-----------------------------|
| Safety | \$1,317 |
| On-Time Delivery | \$2,542 |
| Starting | \$1,401 |
| Retention | \$974 |



Hours-of-Service Flexibility

- Would flexibility in HOS rules provide opportunity to improve congestion?
- Depending on time of day – 40 mile trip can range from 40 minutes to over 93 minutes
- Cost for one trip ranges from \$42.32 to \$99.11





Two Trips Modeled Current HOS and 6/4 Split



Driver B – Flex HOS Rules – logged 45.5 minutes less drive time and 75.5 minutes less onduty time



HOS Flexibility Saves Time and \$\$

If 25 trips per day avoid ATL study segment at worst times = 4,700 fewer hours drive time annually saved
 Cost savings of >\$300,000 per year
 Extrapolate to 500 congested locations

- nationally, 25 trips per location
 - 2.3 million hours drive time saved
 - Direct operating costs savings >\$150 million
 - Does not include societal benefits from decreases in truck-related congestion and more efficient supply chains



Truck Parking

- Truck Parking Diaries drivers kept 14 days of parking activity
 - Over 2,000 days/4,700+ parking stops
- Includes when, where, how long to find a spot, how many spots occupied by non-CMVs, lost productivity
 - ATRI involved in numerous multi-state/state and regional Truck Parking research initiatives
 - Truck Parking Information Management System Development
 - **Driver Surveys**
 - Truck GPS Analysis

Managing Critical Truck Parking Case Study – Real World Insights from Truck Parking Diaries

December 2016





Frequency of Unauthorized/Undesignated Parking





Average Remaining Drive Time



Average = 56 minutes/day Opportunity Cost = \$4,600 annually ELDs: nearly 2x as likely to spend 30+ minutes looking for parking



No Vacancy

Cumberland County, PA Rest Area: I-81 Northbound January, 2017



Cost of Congestion

Congestion on U.S. NHS cost trucking industry \$74.5B in 2016

Lost productivity = 1.2 billion hours

> Equates to 425,533 commercial drivers sitting idle for entire year

Cost of Congestion to the Trucking Industry: 2018 Update



Prepared by the American Transportation Research Institute



State Share of Total Cost of Congestion







Congestion Costs the Economy

ATRI research identified trucking industry costs of **\$63.4 billion** as a result of congestion on the nation's highways. That cost generates from **996 million lost hours** of industry productivity, the equivalent of **362,000** truck drivers sitting still for an entire year.



To view the top 100 list of truck bottlenecks along with detailed profiles for each location, please visit ATRI's website at TruckingResearch.org = Top 100 Bottlenecks = States with the Most Bottlenecks The Nation's TOP TRUCK BOTTLENECKS 2018

2018 Top 10 Truck Bottlenecks

| Rank | Location | Average Peak Speed | Y-o-Y Change in Average Peak Speed |
|------|--------------------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| 1 | Atlanta, GA: I-285 at I-85 (North) | 24.7 | -4.10% |
| 2 | Fort Lee, NJ: I-95 at SR 4 | 24.9 | -8.18% |
| 3 | Chicago, IL: I-290 at I-90/I-94 | 21.2 | -4.70% |
| 4 | Atlanta, GA: I-75 at I-285 North | 30.4 | -6.58% |
| 5 | Los Angeles, CA: SR 60 at SR 57 | 34.2 | -3.61% |
| 6 | Boston, MA: I-95 at I-90 | 33.8 | 7.76% |
| 7 | Baltimore, MD: I-695 @ I-70 | 37.2 | 0.25% |
| 8 | Queens, NY: I-495 (Long Island Expy) | 17.6 | 0.20% |
| 9 | Cincinnati, OH: I-71 at I-75 | 39.1 | 2.58% |
| 10 | Louisville, KY: I-65 at I-64/I-71 | 37.4 | 18.77% |



Atlanta, GA: I-285 at I-85 (North)



| Summary | / |
|---|--------|
| National Ranking by Congestion Index | 1 |
| Average Speed | 37.0 |
| Peak Average Speed | 24.7 |
| Nonpeak Average Speed | 43.5 |
| Nonpeak/Peak Ratio | 1.8 |
| Peak Average Speed Percent Change 2017 - 2018 | -4.10% |



Chicago, IL: I-290 at I-90/I-94



| Summary | |
|---|--------|
| National Ranking by Congestion Index | 3 |
| Average Speed | 25.9 |
| Peak Average Speed | 21.2 |
| Nonpeak Average Speed | 27.7 |
| Nonpeak/Peak Ratio | 1.3 |
| Peak Average Speed Percent Change 2017 - 2018 | -4.70% |





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Autonomous Vehicle Technology Impacts

 RAC-identified top research priority for 2016

 Maps AV impacts to trucking industry's top concerns

HOS



- Driver H/W
- Congestion

Identifying Autonomous Vehicle Technology Impacts on the Trucking Industry

November 2016





| Top Issues | Key Autonomous Truck Benefit |
|---------------------------------------|--|
| Hours-of-Service | Allows for driver rest and productivity to occur simultaneously. |
| Compliance, Safety, Accountability | Will decrease raw SMS scores, though percentile scoring needs to change. |
| Driver Shortage | Driving more attractive with higher productivity, less time away from home, and additional logistics tasks; fewer drivers may be needed. |
| Driver Retention | Companies with autonomous technology may attract and retain drivers. |
| Truck Parking | If "productive rest" is taken in the cab during operations, less time will be required away from home at truck parking facilities and fewer facilities will be needed. |
| Electronic Logging Device Mandate | Modifications will be necessary depending on level of autonomy. |
| Driver Health and Wellness | Driver could be less sedentary; injuries could be reduced. |
| The Economy | Carriers that use AT may see productivity and cost benefits. |
| Infrastructure / Congestion / Funding | Urban congestion could be mitigated through widespread use of autonomous vehicles (including cars). |
| Driver Distraction | Drivers will not be distracted from driving if vehicle in autonomous mode. |

2018 Top Research Priorities

Urban Planning and Smart City Design for Trucks Assessing the Consistency/Accuracy of CMV Crash Data

Role and Impact of Government Regulations on Autonomous Vehicles

Best Practices for Cannabis Intoxication Testing

Inconsistencies in CDL Testing

Autonomous Truck Impacts on the Truck Driver



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